Python Alternative Statements More on Conditions

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Conditions

- A condition is an expression that evaluates to True or False
- This type is called Boolean

Boolean Expressions

- The simplest Boolean expressions are True and False
- The next simplest class are numerical comparators
 - < smaller
 - > greater
 - == equals (Two! equal symbols)
 - != not equals
 - <= smaller or equal</p>
 - >= larger or equal

```
Python 3.6.5 (v3.6.5:f59c0)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. but Type "copyright", "credits >>> a = 5
>>> a !=2*2
True
>>> a != 2+3
False
>>> a>7
False
>>>
```

Boolean Expressions

- We can combine Boolean expressions using the logical operands
 - and
 - or
 - not
- If necessary, we can add parentheses in order to specify precedence

Boolean Expression Examples

 A program that decides whether user input is divisible by 2, but not by 3.

```
example.py - /Users/thomasschwarz/Documents/My website/Classes/Module4/ex...
x = int(input("Please enter a number: "))
if x\%2==0 and not x\%3==0:
    print("The number is divisible by two, but not by three")
else:
    print("The number is not divisible by two or it is divisible by three.")
                                         Python 3.6.5 Shell
        Python 3.6.5 (v3.6.5:f59c0932b4, Mar 28 2018, 03:03:55)
        [GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5666) (dot 3)] on darwin
        Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
        >>>
         RESTART: /Users/thomasschwarz/Documents/My website/Classes/Module4/example.py
        Please enter a number: 5
        The number is not divisible by two or it is divisible by three.
         RESTART: /Users/thomasschwarz/Documents/My website/Classes/Module4/example.py
        Please enter a number: 6
        The number is not divisible by two or it is divisible by three.
         RESTART: /Users/thomasschwarz/Documents/My website/Classes/Module4/example.py
        Please enter a number: 4
        The number is divisible by two, but not by three
        >>>
```

Boolean Expression Example

- A program that checks whether the letter "a", "A", "e" or "E" is part of user input.
- Python allows the keyword "in" to check for the presence of letters in strings.

```
example2.py - /Users/thomasschwarz/Documents/My website/Classes/Module4/example2.py (3.6.5)
user_input = input("Please enter a string: ")
if 'a' in user_input or 'A' in user_input or "e" in user_input or "E" in user_input:
    print("present")
else:
    print("not present")
                                           Python 3.6.5 Shell
         Python 3.6.5 (v3.6.5:f59c0932b4, Mar 28 2018, 03:03:55)
         [GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5666) (dot 3)] on darwin
         Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
          RESTART: /Users/thomasschwarz/Documents/My website/Classes/Module4/example2.py
         Please enter a string: retiuyert
         present
         >>>
          RESTART: /Users/thomasschwarz/Documents/My website/Classes/Module4/example2.py
         Please enter a string: rtiuyirtuy
         not present
         >>>
```

Short-Circuit Operators

- The value of an "or"- or "and" expression is evaluated from the left to the right
 - If the first operand of an "or" is True, then the second operand is not evaluated and True is returned.
 - This is because the value of the expression is already known
 - Similarly, if the first operand of an "and" expression is False, then the second operand is not evaluated and the value of the expression is False.

Conversion of other expressions

- Any object can be tested for a truth value.
- The truth value of a non-zero number is True, otherwise False.
 - Example: >>> if 5%2: print("5 is odd")

5 is odd

- Since 5%2 evaluates to 1, it's truth value is True and the conditional statement (print (...)) is executed
- This behavior extends to other type of objects such as strings
 - The empty string "" has truth value 0, every other string has truth value 1.